## Quiz I Time: 20 Minutes

**Problem 1** As an engineer, you are required to design the test performed by a fault-detector for a "black-box" that produces a a sequence of i.i.d. binary random variables  $\cdots$ ,  $X_1, X_2, X_3, \cdots$ . Previous experience shows that this "black box" has an apriori failure probability of  $\frac{1}{1025}$ . When the "black box" works properly,  $p_{X_i}(1) = p$ . When it fails, the output symbols are equally likely to be 0 or 1.

Your detector has to decide based on the observation of the past 16 symbols, i.e., at time k the decision will be based on  $X_{k-16}, \ldots, X_{k-1}$ .

(a) Describe your test.

(b) What does your test decide if it observes the output sequence 010101010101010101? Assume that p = 1/4.